

Proceeding(Part I)of The 8th Int'l Joint Conference

“Green Growth Strategy of SMEs
(Small and Medium sized Enterprises)
In the New Silk Road Countries”



Korean Association of Logos Management
Kumoh National Institute of Technology



June 3-7, 2010
KIT, Gumi,
Korea

Green Growth Strategy of SMEs

- ❖ **Vokhid Umarov** (Tashkent State Technical University, Uzbekistan)
Akmal Umartaev (Tashkent State Technical University, Uzbekistan)
Business Possibilities at Recycling of the Liquid Waste
- ❖ **Varkulevich Tatyana V.** (Vladivostok State University, Russia)
Osloпова Marina V. (Vladivostok State University, Russia)
Efficiency of the Investment Project: Ecological Aspect
- ❖ **Stanislav Lyubimov** (The Vladivostok Pacific State University of Economics, Russia)
Economy and Ecology Improvement Proposals for Product Sharing Agreement in Russian Federation
- ❖ **Andrey V. Koren** (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Financing of nature protection actions due to use of ecological funds
- ❖ **eznitchenko Elena Petrovna** (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Stukun Valentina Pavlovna (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Modern approaches to an estimation of influence of chemical productions on ecology of the urban environment
- ❖ **Elena N. Smol'yaninova** (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Tatiana N. Bondarenko (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Financing of innovation as a tool for development of ecological capacity of the region
- ❖ **Igor G. Dragilev** (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
World tendencies of use of non-polluting materials in consumer services
- ❖ **Vorobeova Evgeniya Alexandrovna** (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Normative and legislation regulation of ecological standards of retail sales
- ❖ **Maria Baysheva** (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Olga Vorozhbit (The Vladivostok State University of Economics and Service, Russia)
Economic and environmental aspects of business in the fishing industry of Primorsky region
- ❖ **Chontoev D.T.** (Kyrgyz Economic University, Kyrgyzstan)
Abakirov Azamat (Kyrgyz Economic University, Kyrgyzstan)
Territorial differences of the natural recreational resources of mountainous Kyrgyzstan
- ❖ **Abdrakhmatov K.E** (Kyrgyz Economic University, Kyrgyzstan)
Abakirov Azamat (Institute of Seismology, National Academy of Science, Kyrgyzstan)
The Climate change in Issyk-Kul basin(Kyrgyz Republic) and influence of this on function of civil society
- ❖ **Stukun V.P.** (Vladivostok State University of Economy and Service, Russia)
Influence of Differences in Natural Resources on Development of Import substitution Technologies and Productions
- ❖ **Gluhomanova A.A.** (Vladivostok State University of Economy and Service, Russia)
The Influence of Ecological Factors on the Quantity of Import Supplying
- ❖ **Lyudmila Yu. Dragileva** (Vladivostok State University of Economy and Service, Russia)
Ecological compatibility as the factor of increase of competitiveness of the enterprises of a real sector of economic activity



INFLUENCE OF DIFFERENCES IN NATURAL RESOURCES ON DEVELOPMENT OF IMPORT SUBSTITUTION TECHNOLOGIES AND PRODUCTIONS

Stukun V.P.

Expertise of the International Business and Economics, Vladivostok State University of
Economy and Service,
Vladivostok, Russia

The impact of differences in possessing of natural resources on the development of import substitution technologies and productions.

Annotation.

In conditions of deep world crisis different factors of import substitution began to operate in Russia. In this research the model of the system of the state economic security, the signs of the import substitution classification, import substitution factors and main models of industrial development of country are considered. Advantages and disadvantages of import substitution are exposed.

Geopolitical location of Primorye Region is determined by borders of region territory of Russia for a distance of more than 1000 kilometres with the major countries - China and North Korea (30 km), and over the Sea of Japan goes to the maritime borders of Japan and South Korea, as well as with other countries in the Asia-Pacific Region (APR). Primorye region performs connecting, contact functions in international relations of Russia with many countries in Asia Pacific. Availability of natural resources in the region make it possible to enter external economic exchange with the outside world, providing a

higher level of trade development with constant dimension of used resources.

It is reasonable from the viewpoint of security in the region to pursue a policy of import substitution. In such circumstances, import substitution, with methodological and practical positions, as an economic category, can ensure regulation of the market, despite the fact that at the same time, it is influenced by negative conditions. On the assumption of this, we can identify both positive and negative factors that shape the direction of import substitution depending on the level of the market.

Table 1. Factors that shape the direction of import substitution depending on the level of the market.

Global consumer market	
Positive	Negative
Foreign economic activity	Economic crisis
The level of competition	Customs barriers
Price control	Criminalization of the economy
Increasing the number of licensed activities	The level of engineering and technology
Federal consumer market	
Geographical position	Nature of the investment climate
Foreign trade	Isolated actions of manufacturers and suppliers
Status and level of development of transport network	One-sided development of market infrastructure
The level of competition	
The development of market infrastructure (creation of business enterprises) nature of the investment climate	
Regional consumer market	
The peculiarity of the sphere of production and circulation	Undeveloped logistics transportation network, warehousing